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Title: Diruthenium σ-gem-DEE Compounds: Novel Scaffolds of Carbon Rich

Organometallics
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Abstract. Linear polyyn-diyls (-(C \equiv C)_n-) or polyen-diyls (-(C \equiv C)_n-) capped by two σ-

bonded metal units ([M]), are very attractive prototypes of "organometallic molecular wires",

and have been studied by many groups around the world. Recently our group has become

interested in bridges of mixed acetylene and ethene units, such as E-DEE (DEE =

diethynylethene) and gem-DEE. The latter is particularly interesting because of its cross-

conjugated nature. Diederich and Tykwinski have perfected the art of making gem-DEE and

have reported interesting opto-electronic properties of gem-DEE-based materials. Ratner has also

postulated conductance switching in molecular wires constructed from gem-DEE. Other than the

report of Pt(II) compounds, the metallation chemistry of gem-DEE is unknown. Our exploration

of gem-DEE chemistry focuses on (A) trans-Ru₂(DMBA)₄(gem-DEE)₂ (DMBA is N,N'-

dimethylbenzamidinate), which is diamagnetic and may function as the starting point of

oligomers; and (B) $[Ru_2(ap)_4]_2$ (m-gem-DEE) (ap is 2-anilinopyridinate), where the rich redox

characteristics of the $Ru_2(ap)_4$ unit allows for assessing the capacity of gem-DEE in mediating

electron/hole transfer.

$$[M] \xrightarrow{\bigoplus_{n}} [M] \qquad [M] \xrightarrow{\bigoplus_{n}} [M] \qquad [M] \xrightarrow{\bigoplus_{m}} [M]$$

$$Polyyn-diyl \qquad Polyen-diyl \qquad [M]-E-DEE-[M] \qquad [M](gem-DEE)_2 \qquad [M]-gem-DEE-[M]$$